# APPENDIX X – ECOLOGICAL COMPONENTS OF THE NATURAL LANDSCAPE CHARACTER OF THE MACKENZIE BASIN SUBZONE

The purpose of this appendix is to provide a list of ecological features which contribute to the biological diversity of the basin floor and its natural landscape character across the whole subzone.

'Ecosystems' including historically rare ecosystems based on geomorphological features NOTE: Parentheses indicate the land types of Lynn (1993) and Environment Canterbury (2010) within which these ecosystems are mainly (bold type) or more occasionally found. Lake margins and deltas (H3) Connected sequences of moraines of different ages (H3) Striated moraines framing lakes (H3) Terminal moraines (H3) Rugged and hummocky young moraines (H3, H4) Subdued older rolling moraine surfaces (usually further from lakes) (H3, H4) Erratic boulders and boulderfields (H3, H4) Kettlehole tarns and ephemeral wetlands (H3, H4) Seepages and flushes (H3, H4) Ephemeral streams (H3, H4) Other wetland types and systems on and within depositional surfaces (H3, H4) Outwash gravel terraces and fans (H<sub>3</sub>, H<sub>4</sub>) Braided dry meltwater outwash channels (H3, H4) Inland sand dunes (H1) Terraces separating different depositional surfaces (H3, H4) Series of terraces (H3, H4) Braided rivers and associated alluvial surfaces (H3, H4) Rivers, streams and associated alluvium issuing from surrounding ranges (H3, H4, H17) Ice-sculpted hills within basin (H7) Footslopes of ranges and hills (H3, H4, H7) Alluvial and colluvial fans (H3, H4, H7)

## Gradients, sequences, patterns, ecotones and transitions

Wet north-west to drier south-east aridity gradient Sequences of different soils across the aridity gradient Sequences of moraines of different ages Moist western moraines with tall and short tussock grassland Drier moraines with short tussock grassland and herbfields Moraines cut by outwash and meltwater channels of different ages Extensive, continuous, undeveloped moraine-outwash-alluvium sequences Complexes of outwash and alluvial gravel surfaces of different ages Transitions or ecotones between different depositional (glacial and alluvial) landforms Series and flights of terraces (high and/or low, and different ages) Terrace brows, scarps, and toes Micro-habitat and soil variation (including aspect-related) within moraines Ridge and hollow micro-topography on outwash gravels

### Vegetation and flora

Extensive and little-fragmented sequences of vegetation Tall and short tussock grasslands and their native inter-tussock flora Matagouri shubland and wild spaniard Ephemeral wetlands and their turfs Lakeshore and delta plant communities Wetlands, wetland complexes, and their vegetation Alternation of sparse and better-vegetated surfaces on outwash gravels and alluvium Braided vegetation patterns on outwash and alluvium Grey and mixed shrublands and their native flora Mat and cushion vegetation, including hawkweed-dominated Mossfields, lichenfields, and non-vascular crusts Exposed stonefields Prostrate or low-growing native flora Spring annual and seasonal geophytes (orchids, ferns) and their habitats Non-vascular species (including lichens, mosses, and fungi) in all habitats Xerophytic (drought-adapted) endemic flora At risk and threatened flora

#### Fauna (including habitats)

Native and endemic wading birds, terns and gulls of braided rivers, outwash surfaces and moraine wetlands Extensive seasonal breeding habitats of banded dotterel and pied oystercatcher, especially sparsely-vegetated outwash and alluvial surfaces Native wetland bird fauna Grey shrubland native bird fauna New Zealand pipit and their mixed grassland habitats (especially moraine) Endemic lizards and their habitats including mixed grasslands, erratics and bouldery surfaces Endemic insect species characteristic of different habitats Endemic freshwater fish fauna of clear unpolluted streams Xerophytic (drought-adapted) endemic fauna At risk and threatened fauna

#### REFERENCES

Environment Canterbury 2010. Canterbury Regional Landscape Study Review – Final Report

– July 2010. <u>http://www.crc.govt.nz/publications/Plans/canterbury-regional-landscape-study-review-2010.pdf</u>

Lynn IH 1993. Land types of the Canterbury Region. Landcare Research New Zealand and Lucas Associates.